Serial No. 10/538,591 PATENT
Client/Matter No.: 20020-03USA

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

(Currently Amended) [[The]] <u>A</u> solid bio-material for the detection of [[a bio-]] <u>an</u> electromagnetic signal, <u>said bio-material comprising</u> by using epidermal tissues of living organisms prepared by the method of:

immersing the carcass of an animal with a developed epidermis, selected from the group consisting of such as fish, fowl; and tortoises, etc. in a mixed solution of aromatics (fragrance), salt and water;

separating the epidermis from the immersed living organism;

washing the separated epidermis[[,]];

soaking # the epidermis in a mixed solution of potassium dichromate, vinegar and water[[,]];

drying the epidermis at room applying a medium pressure under an ambient temperature, and then drying it:

applying hot and cold air heat of 40°C and cold air of -25°C in turn to the dried cpidermis in a medium pressure-state[[,]];

sterilizing the hot and cold treated epidermis by irradiating the epidermis with ultraviolet rays in an amount sufficient to sterilize said epidermis; generating static electricity by putting turning the sterilized epidermis in un electric cylinder and turning it at 500 rpm for a time sufficient to generate static electricity;

applying pine nut oil to the outer surface of the electro statically processed epidermis; and

cutting the epidermis into required sizes.

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(Currently amended) The manufacturing A method of manufacturing a [[the]] solid bio-material for the detection of a [[bio-]]electromagnetic signal by using epidermal tissues of living organisms, said method comprising by:

immersing the carcass of an animal with a developed epidermis such as selected from the group consisting of fish, fowl, and tortoises, etc. in a mixed solution of aromatics (fragrance), salt and water in the ratio of 1:2:300 for one week; separating the epidermis from the immersed living organism; washing the separated epidermis[[,]]:

washing the separated epidermis[[,]]

soaking it the epidermis in a mixed solution of potassium dichromate, vinegar and water in the ratio of 1:1:100 for 10 to 12 hours [[,]];

drying the epidermis at room applying a medium pressure thereto for 48 hours under an ambient temperature, and then drying it;

applying heat of 40°C and [[a]] cold air of -25°C temperature in turn to the dried epidermis in a medium pressure state, two or three times in a period of 24 hours-each; sterilizing the hot and cold treated epidermis by irradiating the epidermis with ultraviolet rays thereto with using a 240 nm ultraviolet lamp for 30 minutes; generating static electricity by putting turning the sterilized epidermis in an electric eylinder and turning it at 500 RPM for a time sufficient to generate static electricity; applying pine nut oil to the outer surface of the electro-statically processed epidermis; and

cutting the epidermis into required sizes.